N89 - 13647

55 27 181373 10P.

EFFECT OF BOND COAT CREEP AND OXIDATION ON TBC INTEGRITY

E.C. Duderstadt and B.H. Pilsner General Electric Company Cincinnati, Ohio 45215

The potential of thermal barrier coatings (TBC's) on high-pressure turbine (HPT) nozzles and blades is limited at present by the inability to quantitatively predict TBC life for these components. The goal of the work described here was to isolate the major TBC failure mechanisms, which is part of a larger program aimed at developing TBC life prediction models. Based on the results of experiments to isolate TBC failure mechanisms, the effects of bond coat oxidation and bond coat creep on TBC integrity is discussed. In bond coat oxidation experiments, Rene' 80 specimens coated with a NiCrAlY/ZrO<sub>2</sub>-8% Y<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub> TBC received isothermal pre-exposures at 2000 °F in static argon, static air, or received no pre-exposure. The effects of oxidation due to these pre-exposures were determined by thermal cycle tests in both static air and static argon at 2000 °F. To study the effect of bond coat creep on TBC behavior, four bond coats with different creep properties were evaluated by thermal cycle tests in air at 2000 °F. The test results, the relative importance of these two failure mechanisms, and how their effects may be quantified will also be discussed.

#### TABLE I.

	MIAM	THERMAL	BARRIER	COATING	SYSTEM (weight percent)				
-									

Substrate(Rene' 80): Ni-14Cr-9.5Co-5Ti-4Mo-3A1-0.17C-0.03Zr-0.015B

Bond Coating : Ni-22Cr-10Al-0.3Y (Low Pressure Plasma Spray)

Top Coating :  $ZnO_2 - 8Y_2O_3$  (Air Plasma Spray)

TABLE II.

	BOND COAT CREEP SYSTEMS	
Systems	Substrate/Bond Coating/Over Coating/Top Coating	Bond Coat Creep Strength
1	Rene' 80 / Ni-Cr-Al-Y / Aluminide / ZrO <sub>2</sub> -Y <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub>	Low I
2	Rene' 50 / Superalloy 1/ Aluminide / ZrO <sub>2</sub> -Y <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub>	
5	Rene' 30 / Superalloy 2/ Aluminide / ZrO <sub>2</sub> -Y <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub>	
4	Rene' 80 / Superalloy 3/ Aluminide / ZrO <sub>2</sub> -Y <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub>	<b>♥</b> High

- 1. DETERMINE THERMAL BARRIER COATING FAILURE MECHANISMS
  - -- Bond Coat Oxidation
  - -- Bond Coat Creep
- 2. Thermal Barrier Coating Life Prediction Model
  - -- Failure Mechanisms
  - -- Key Mechanical Properties
  - -- Thermomechanical Properties

Figure 1.

# **APS TOP COAT**

## LPPS BOND COAT

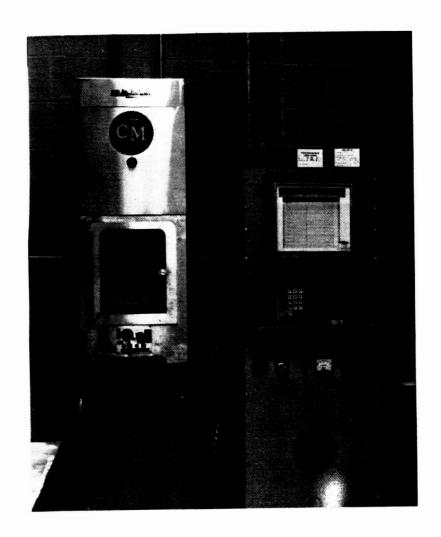
### **SUBSTRATE**

# **APS TOP COAT**

ALUMINIDE OVER COAT

LPPS BOND COAT

**SUBSTRATE** 



RAPID TEMPERATURE FURNACE

- --- 10 minute heat up
- --- 45 minute exposure at 2000 F
- --- 15 minute forced cooling

Figure 3.

ORIGINAL PAGE BLACK AND WHITE PHOTOGRAPH

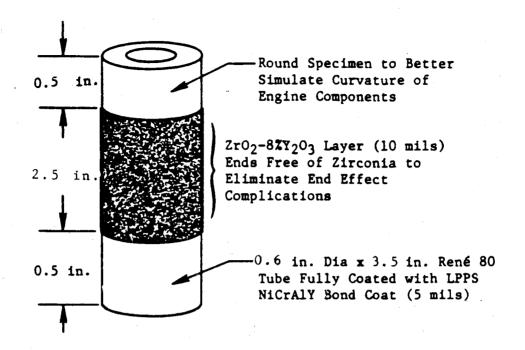


Figure 4.

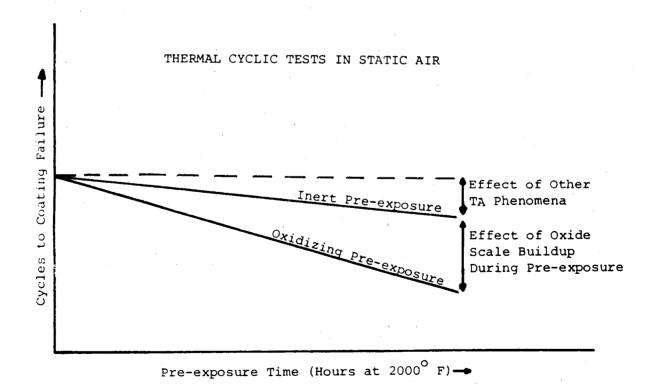


Figure 5.

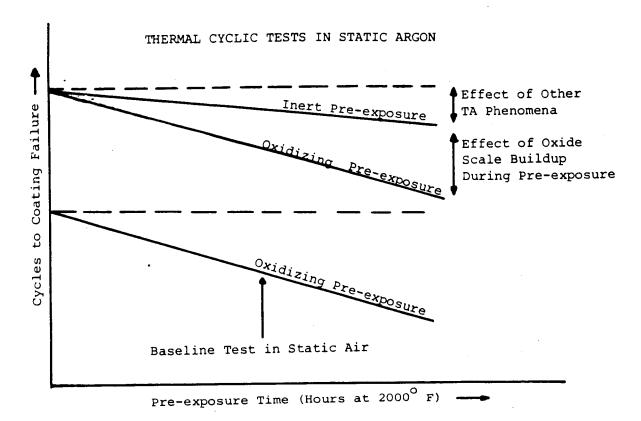


Figure 6.

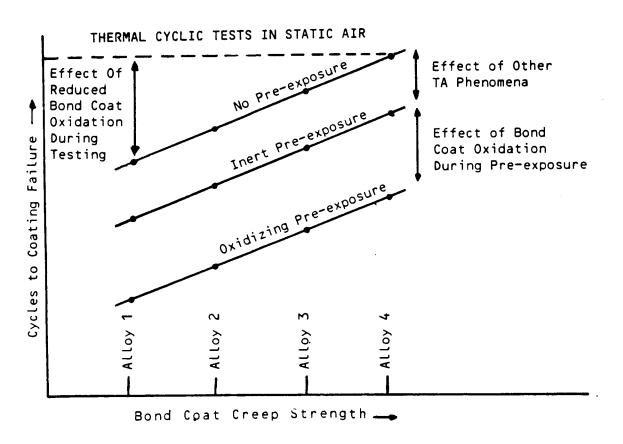
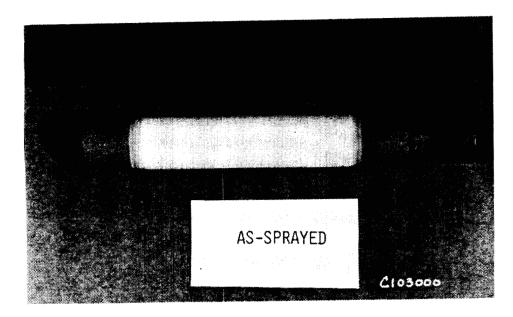
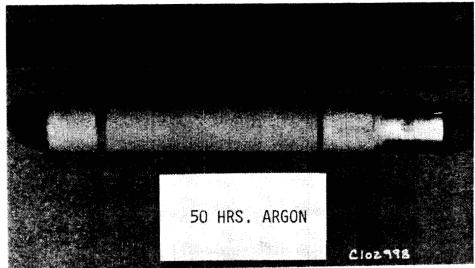


Figure 7.





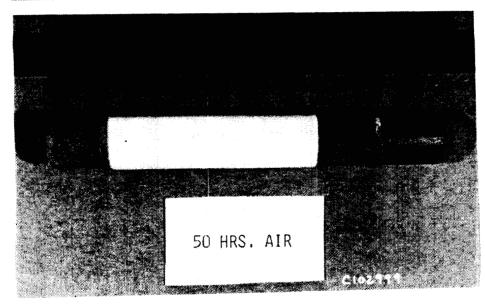
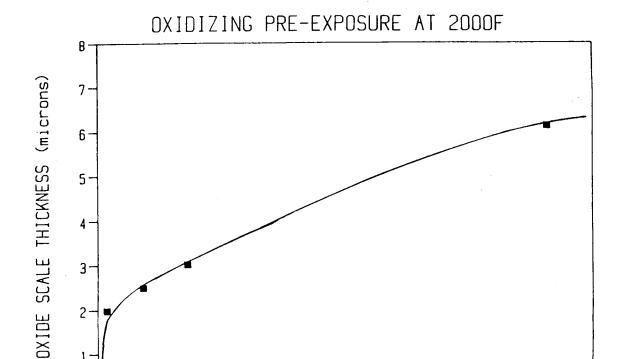


Figure 8.

ORIGINAL PAGE IS OF POOR QUALITY.

ORIGINAL PAGE IS OF POOR QUALITY

Figure 10.



1 -

0-

100

50

Figure 11.

150 200 250 300 PRE-EXPOSURE TIME

450

400

(hours)

500

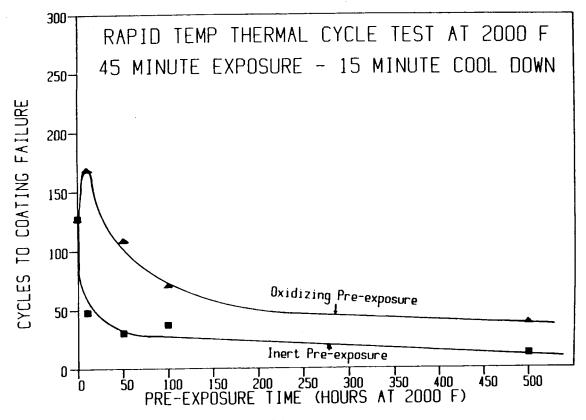


Figure 12.